LAWS and ACTS

Past in the third SESSION of the first

PARLIAMENT,

Of our most High and Dread SOVERAIGN,

CHARLES

THE SECOND,

By the grace of GOD, King of *Scotland, England, France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith.

Holden at *Edinburgh*, from the eighteenth of *June*, 1663. to the ninth of *October* thereafter, on which day the Parliament was dissolved,

By a Noble Lord, John *Earl of* Rothes, *Lord* Lesly *and* Bambreith, *His* MAJESTIES *Commissioner for holding the same, by vertue of a* COMMISSION *under His* MAJESTIES *Great Seal of this Kingdom.*

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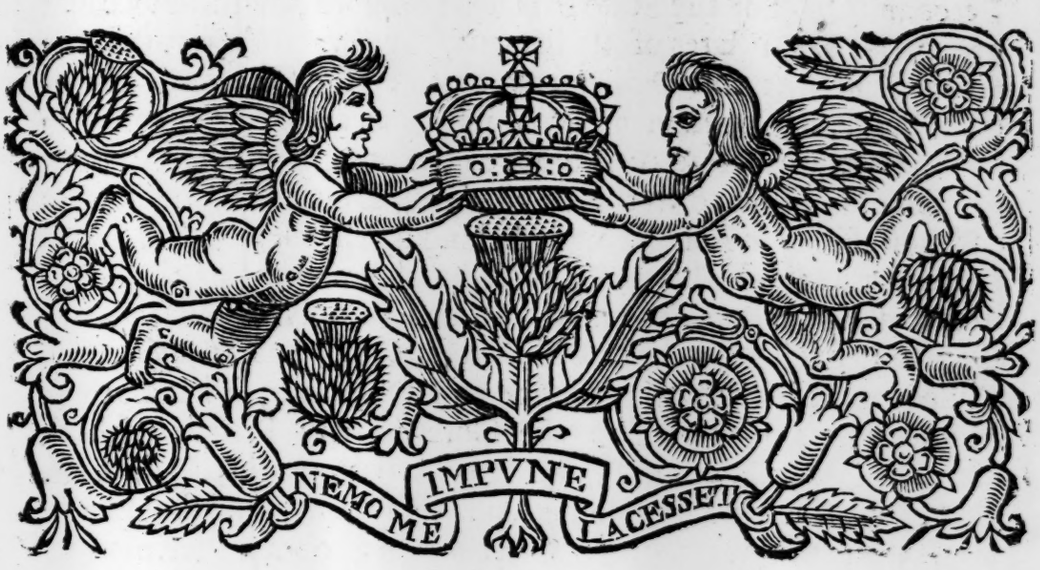
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Begun at Edinburgh *upon the eighteenth of* June, 1663. *and continued to the ninth of* October *thereafter.*

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I.

ACT against separation and disobedience to Ecclesiastical Authority.



Forasmuch as the King's *Majesty*, considering the prejudices which did ensue to the Church and Protestant Religion, to the Prerogative of the Crown, to the Authority of Parliament, to the Liberties of the Subject, and to the publick Laws and Peace of the Kingdom, by the invasions made upon Episcopal Government during the late troubles; And finding that Government, to be the Church-government, most agreeable to the Word of GOD, most convenient and effectual for preservation of Truth, Order and Unity, and most suteable to Monarchy and to the

Peace and Quiet of the State; Hath therefore, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, by ſeveral Acts paſt in the ſecond Seſſion of this Parliament, reſtored the Church to it's ancient and right Government by Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and hath redintigrated the eſtate of Biſhops to the exerciſe of their Epiſcopal Function, and to all the Priviledges, Dignities, Juriſdictions and Poſſeſſions due and formerly belonging thereunto. And in further order to the ſettlement of the Church, and bringing the Miniſters to a due acknowledgment of, and complyance with, the Government thereof thus eſtabliſhed by Law, His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, hath alſo Statute and Ordained, That all theſe Miniſters, who entered to the Cure of any Paroch without Right or Preſentations from the lawfull Patrons, in and ſince the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty nine, and ſhould not, betwixt and the twentieth of *September* laſt, obtain Preſentations from their ſeveral Patrons, and Collation from the Biſhop of the Dioceſs where they lived, ſhould have no right to the uplifting the Rents of any Benefice or Stipend for the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty two, but that their Places, Benefices and Kirks ſhould be, *ipſo jure*, vacand: And that whatever Miniſters ſhould, without a lawfull excuſe to be admitted by their Ordinary, abſent themſelves from the dioceſian Aſſembly, or who ſhould not concur in all the Acts of the Church-diſcipline, as they ſhould be thereunto required by the Archbiſhop or Biſhop of the Dioceſs, ſhould be for the firſt fault ſuſpended from their Office and Benefice till the next dioceſian Meeting; and if they amend not, ſhould be deprived, and the Church and Benefice to be provided as in other caſes of vacancies. And the King's *Majeſty*, having reſolved to conſerve and maintain the Church in the preſent State and Government thereof by Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and others bearing office therein, and not to endure nor give way or connivance to any variation therein in the leaſt, Doth therefore, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates conveened in this third Seſſion of His Parliament, Ratifie and Approve the aforementioned Acts, and all other Acts and Laws made in the two former Seſſions of Parliament, in order to the ſetling of Epiſcopal Dignity, Juriſdiction and Authority within this Kingdom; and Ordains them to ſtand in full force as publick Laws of the Kingdom, and to be put to further execution in all points, conform to the tenor thereof. And in purſuance of His *Majeſties* Royal reſolution herein, His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, doth recommend to the Lords of His *Majeſties* Privy Council, to take ſpeedy and effectual courſe, that theſe Acts receive ready and due obedience from all His *Majeſties* Subjects; And for that end, that they call before them all ſuch Miniſters, who, having entered in or ſince the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty nine, and have not as yet obtained

Preſentations

Preſentations and Collations, as aforeſaid, yet dared to preach in contempt of the Law, and to puniſh them as ſeditious perſons and contemners of the Royal Authority. As alſo, that they be carefull, that ſuch Miniſters, who keep not the dioceſian Meetings, and concur not with the Biſhops in the Acts of Church-diſcipline, being for the ſame ſuſpended or deprived, as ſaid is, be accordingly, after deprivation, removed from their Benefices, Glebs and Manſes; and if any of them ſhall notwithſtanding offer to retain the poſſeſsion of their Benefices or Manſes, that they take preſent courſe to ſee them diſpoſſeſt; and if they ſhall thereafter preſume to exerciſe their Miniſtry, that they be puniſhed as ſeditious perſons, and ſuch as contemn the Authority of Church and State.

And as His *Majeſty* doth expect, from all His good and dutifull Subjects, a due acknowledgment of, and hearty complyance with, His *Majeſties* Government, Eccleſiaſticall and Civil, as it is now eſtabliſhed by Law within this Kingdom, and that in order thereunto they will give their chearfull concurrence, countenance and aſsiſtance to ſuch Miniſters, as by publick Authority are or ſhall be admitted in their ſeveral Paroches, and attend all the ordinary Meetings for divine Worſhip in the ſame; So His *Majeſty* doth Declare, That He will, and doth, account a with-drawing from, and not keeping and joyning in, theſe Meetings, to be ſeditious, and of dangerous example and conſequence. And therefore, and and for preventing the ſame for the future, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, doth hereby Statute, Ordain and Declare, That all and every ſuch perſon or perſons, who ſhall hereafter ordinarily and willfully withdraw and abſent themſelves from the ordinary Meetings of divine Worſhip in their own Paroch Church on the Lords-day, (whether upon account of Popery or other diſaffection to the preſent Government of the Church) ſhall thereby incur the pains and penalties under-written, *viz.* Each Nobleman, Gentleman and Heretor, the loſs of a fourth part of ilk years Rent, in which they ſhall be accuſed and convicted; and every Yeoman, Tennent or Farmer, the loſs of ſuch a proportion of their free moveables (after the payment of their Rents due to their Maſter and Land-lord) as His *Majeſties* Council ſhall think fit, not exceeding a fourth part thereof; and every Burgeſs to loſe the liberty of Merchandizing, Trading, and all other Priviledges within Burgh, and fourth part of their moveables. And His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, doth hereby authorize and require the Lords of His *Majeſties* Privy Council, to be carefull to ſee this Act put to due execution; and for that end, to call before them all ſuch perſons as after admonition of the Miniſter, in preſence of two ſufficient witneſſes, and by him ſo atteſted, ſhall be given up

to

to the Council as tranſgreſſors of this Act, in with-drawing from their Paroch Churches as aforeſaid; and the ſame, after hearing of the parties, being duly found, to decern and inflict the cenſures and penalties above-mentioned, and ſuch other corporal puniſhment as they ſhall think fit, and direct all execution neceſſary for making the ſame effectual, and to do every other thing they ſhall find neceſſary, for procuring obedience to this Act, and putting the ſame to punctual execution, conform to the tenor and intent thereof.

II.

Additional ACT concerning the Declaration to be ſigned by all perſons in publick Truſt.



Oraſmuch, as by an Act, paſt in the ſecond Seſſion of this Parliament, on the fifth of *September* laſt, concerning the Declaration to be taken by all perſons in publick Truſt, It is remitted to His *Majeſties* Commiſſioner to take ſuch courſe as he ſhould think fit, how theſe, who are preſently in Office, may ſubſcribe the Declaration; And the King's *Majeſty* being reſolved, that all in publick Truſt, ſhould, without further delay, ſign the ſame; But conſidering, that in this vacand time, many of the Courts of Juſtice do not ſit, ſo as ſome longer time muſt be allowed unto them. Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, Statutes and Ordains all perſons, who enjoy or poſſeſs any publick Truſt or Office within this Kingdom, as, Officers of State, Members of Parliament, Privy Councellors, Lords of the Seſſion, Commiſſioners in Exchequer, all Members of the Colledge of Juſtice; Sheriffs, Stewarts, Bailies of Regalities, Commiſſaries, Juſtices of Peace and their reſpective Deputes and Clerks, and all who enjoy any other publick Charge, Office or Truſt within the Kingdom, to ſubſcribe the Declaration hereunto ſubjoyned, in preſence of the ſeveral Courts they relate to, betwixt and the eleventh of *November* next to come, or ſooner, as they ſhall have occaſion or be required thereto by His *Majeſties* Council; Diſcharging hereby all ſuch of them, who ſhall not ſign the ſame, as ſaid is, to exerce any publick Truſt or Office within the Kingdom, after the ſaid eleventh of *November*. And that a ſpeedy account may be returned hereof, It is hereby Ordained, that the Sheriffs in the ſeveral Shires be carefull in requiring due obedience to this Act, and that they and all others concerned therein, make report thereof to His *Majeſties* Council,

Council, betwixt and the first of *January* next to come. And seing the election of the Magistrates and Council of Burghs will occur about *Michaelmas* next, and that some disaffected persons in Burghs, having none or small advantages by their Magistracy, may, upon account of this Declaration, refuse to accept any Charge or Trust; It is therefore, by His *Majesty*, with advice foresaid, Statute, That at the next ensuing election of Magistrates within Burgh, all such persons who shall continue in, or be of new elected to be Magistrates, Clerks, or of the Council of Burghs, shall at such their elections, if they be present, or otherwise, how soon thereafter they shall be required thereto by those who did elect them, sign the Declaration aforesaid; Declaring hereby, all who shall refuse or delay the same, to be from thenceforth not only incapable of, and to have forfaulted, the priviledges of a Magistrate, but also all the priviledges of Merchandizing, Trading, and others belonging to a Burgess; And that the several Burghs make report of their proceedings therein to His *Majesties* Council, betwixt and the foresaid eleventh of *November*, as they will be answerable upon their duty and alleagiance: And for such as shall hereafter be admitted to any publick Trust or Office, they are to sign the Declaration in the maner, and under the certifications, expresst in the former Act of Parliament of the fifth of *September*. And His *Majesty* doth hereby recommend to the Lords of His *Majesties* Privy Council, to be carefull that these Acts be put to due execution, and receive obedience conform to the tenor thereof.

I *Do sincerely affirm and declare, that I judge it unlawfull to Subjects, upon pretence of Reformation or other pretence whatsoever, to enter into Leagues and Covenants, or to take up Armes against the King or these Commissionate by Him: and that all these Gatherings, Convocations, Petitions, Protestations, and erecting and keeping of Council-tables, that were used in the beginning, and for carrying on, of the late troubles, were unlawfull and seditious. And particularly, that these Oaths, whereof the one was commonly called,* The National Covenant, *(as it was sworn and explained in the year, one thousand six hundred and thirty eight, and thereafter) and the other entituled,* A Solemn League and Covenant, *were, and are, in themselves, unlawfull Oaths, and were taken by, and imposed upon, the Subjects of this Kingdom, against the fundamental Laws and Liberties of the same: And that there lyeth no obligation upon me, or any of the Subjects, from the saids Oaths, or either of them, to endeavour any change or alteration of the Government, either in Church or State, as it is now established by the Laws of the Kingdom.*

III.

ACT againſt Protections.

THe King's moſt Excellent *Majeſty* being carefull, that the benefit of the Law in the adminiſtrations of Juſtice, be free to all His *Majeſties* good Subjects; And conſidering the prejudices many have formerly ſuſtained, in the ſtopping of the courſe of Juſtice, by the too frequent granting of Protections againſt perſonal execution. Therefore, and for preventing of the like for the future, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, Doth Ratifie, Approve and Renew all former Acts of Parliament, made againſt the granting of Protections; And Diſchargeth the Lords of His *Majeſties* Privy Council, Seſſion and Exchequer, to grant Protections to any perſons againſt perſonal execution, certifying ſuch as ſhall grant the ſame, they ſhall be liable for the debt againſt which they grant the Protection; and all execution ſhall paſs againſt the havers thereof, as if the ſame had not been granted.

It is alwayes hereby Declared, That notwithſtanding hereof, it ſhall be free to the Lords of His *Majeſties* Privy Council, Lords of Seſſion and Exchequer, and to the Juſtice-general and his Deputes, when any perſon or perſons are ſummoned and appointed to appear perſonally before them, to give order now, as they have been in uſe formerly to do, for ſuſpending perſonal execution againſt the perſons ſo ſummoned and appointed to appear, for ſuch few dayes, as they may come to give their appearance, and during their neceſſar ſtay, and ſome few dayes for their return, and that according as the faids reſpective Judges ſhall find reaſon, upon the particular applications to be made thereupon.

IV.

ACT for the eſtabliſhment and conſtitution of a National Synod.

FOraſmuch as the ordering and diſpoſal of the external Government of the Church, and the nomination of the perſons, by whoſe advice, maters relating to the ſame are to be ſetled, doth belong to His *Majeſty*, as an inherent right of the Crown, by vertue of His Prerogative-royal, and ſupream Authority in cauſes Eccleſiaſtical: And in proſecution of this Truſt, His *Majeſty*, conſidering how fit and neceſſary it is, for the honour and ſervice of Almighty God, the good and quiet of the Church, and the better Government thereof in unity and order, that there be a National Synod and Aſſembly duly conſtitute within this Kingdom, Hath therefore Appointed and Declared, and by theſe preſents Appoints and Declares, that there ſhall be *a National Synod of the Church of* Scotland; And that this Synod, for the lawfull Members thereof, ſhall conſiſt and be conſtitute of the Archbiſhops of St. *Andrews* and *Glaſgow*, and the remanent Biſhops of theſe two Provinces, of all Deans of Cathedral Churches, Arch-deacons, of all the Moderators of Meetings for exerciſe, allowed by the Biſhops of the reſpective Dioceſſes, and of one Presbyter or Miniſter of each Meeting, to be choſen and elected by the Moderator and plurality of Presbyters of the ſame; and of one or two from the Univerſity of St. *Andrews*, one from *Glaſgow*, one from the King's Colledge, one from *Marſhals* Colledge, of *Aberdeen*, and one from the Colledge of *Edinburgh*; And this Synod, thus conſtitute, is to meet at ſuch times and places as His *Majeſty*, by His Proclamation, ſhall appoint; and is to debate, treat, conſider, conſult, conclude and determine upon ſuch pious maters, cauſes and things, concerning the Doctrine, Worſhip, Diſcipline and Government of this Church, as His *Majeſty* ſhall from time to time, under His Royal hand, deliver, or cauſe be delivered, to the Archbiſhop of St. *Andrews*, Preſident of the ſaid National Aſſembly, to be by him offered to their conſideration. The Eſtates of Parliament do humbly recognoſce and acknowledge His *Majeſties* Royal Power and Prerogative aforeſaid, with the piety, juſtice and prudence of His *Majeſties* reſolution herein; Likeas His *Majeſty*, with their advice and conſent, doth hereby Eſtabliſh, Ratifie and

Confirm this conſtitution of a National Aſſembly, as the lawfull conſtitution of the National Synods and Aſſemblies of this Church, His *Majeſty*, or His Commiſſioner (without whoſe preſence, no National Synod can be kept) being alwayes preſent: And Declares, That no Act, Canon, Order or Ordinance ſhall be owned as an Act of the National Synod of the Church of *Scotland*, ſo as to be of any effect, force or validity in Law, to be obſerved and keeped by the Archbiſhops and Biſhops, the inferiour Clergy, and all other perſons within this Realm (as far as lawfully, being Members of this National Church, it may concern them) but that which ſhall be conſidered, conſulted and agreed upon by the Preſident and major part of the Members above-ſpecified. It is alwayes hereby provided, that nothing be enacted or put in execution, by Authority of a National Synod within this Kingdom, which ſhall be contrary to His *Majeſties* Royal Prerogative or the Laws of the Kingdom; And that no Act, Mater or Cauſe be debated, conſulted and concluded upon, but what ſhall be allowed, approven and confirmed by His *Majeſty* or His Commiſſioner, preſent at the ſaid National Synod.

V.

ACT anent ruinous houſes in Royal Burghs.

OUr Soveraign Lord being informed, that upon the high Streets of ſeveral of His *Majeſties* Burghs-royal, and in the vennels and other paſſages within the ſame, there be many houſes in the publick view of all people reſorting thereto, very ruinous and not inhabited theſe divers years by-gone, nor likely to be repaired by any, to the great opprobry of the ſaid Burghs, and common ſcandal of the Kingdom, as being altogether defective of that policy and good order which is, and ever hath been, ſo earneſtly intended in the many wholſom and laudable Laws already made, by His *Majeſty* and His Royal Progenitors of moſt worthy memory. And finding the Burroughs very deſirous to have theſe many dangers and inconveniencies prevented and remeeded, which the inhabitants of theſe Burghs, and the reſt of the Lieges frequenting the ſame, do continually fear from ſuch ruinous buildings; Doth therefore, with advice of His Eſtates of Parliament, Ordain the Provoſt and Bailies of the Burgh where ſuch ruinous houſes are, to cauſe warn and charge all perſons, that have

have or pretends right to the property of ſuch Lands and Buildings, or any Annual-rents forth thereof, to cauſe build and repair, in a decent way, within year and day, ſuch Houſes and Buildings as have been waſt and not inhabited three years before the date of this preſent Act, or ſhall be waſt and not inhabited thereafter by the foreſaid ſpace of three years, or elſe to ſell the ſame to others, to be builded within the ſame ſpace of year and day: And to charge all known perſons, perſonally or at their dwelling places, and by open Proclamation at the Paroch-kirk or Mercat-croſs of the Burgh; and all others by open Proclamation at the ſaid Mercat-croſs and Paroch-kirk. And in caſe of their abſence out of this Realm, at the Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and Peer and Shoar of *Leith*, upon threeſcore dayes; with certification to them if they failzie, the ſaid Provoſt and Bailies ſhall cauſe the ſaid Lands and Tenement to be valued by certain perſons, to be choſen and ſworn by them for that effect, and ſell the ſame to any perſon that will buy them, and pay the price of the ſame to theſe owners, if they be known; and if they be not known, to conſign the prices thereof in the hands of the Provoſt, one of the Bailies, or Dean of Gild of the ſaid Burgh, to be forth-coming to theſe who have intereſt thereto: And if no man will buy them, it ſhall be lawfull to the ſaid Provoſt and Bailies, after appriſing thereof, as ſaid is, and payment or conſignation of the prices of the ſame, to caſt down the ſaid ruinous Houſes and cauſe build the ſame of new. And His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, Declares, That it ſhall not be lawfull in time coming, to any maner of perſon to purſue them nor their ſucceſſors therefore, nor pretend any right or intereſt therto, but that the ſaid right ſhall be a perfect ſecurity to the builders thereof and their ſucceſſors.

VI.

ACT diſcharging the importation of Strong-waters, &c.

OUr Soveraign Lord and Eſtates of Parliament, underſtanding, that there are divers Strong-waters, Mum-bear and other Beer for drinking, brought into this Kingdom from forraign places, which might be more conveniently made within the Kingdom, to the benefit of the natives thereof. Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with conſent of the ſaids Eſtates, Diſcharges all in-bringing of *Aqua-vitæ* or Strong-waters, Mum-beer and other Beer for drinking (except Black-beer, called Spruce-beer) within this Kingdom, under the pain of eſcheat thereof.

VII.

ACT diſcharging the mixing of Tin with Lead.

OUr Soveraign Lord and Eſtates of this preſent Parliament conſidering, the great hurt ſuſtained by His *Majeſties* Lieges, by the fraudulent dealing of Pewterers, in mixing the finer ſort of Tin brought from *England*, *France*, *Flanders* and other parts beyond ſea, with baſer and courſer mettal of Tin and Lead, and their exacting greater prices betwixt the new Pewter caſten by them, and the old which they receive from the Lieges. For remeid thereof, it is Statute and Ordained, that the Pewterer or Founder of Tin, ſhall put the mark of the Thiſtle, and the Deacons mark, with his own name, upon every peece of work that he happens to caſt, and that the ſame ſhall be of the fineſt of the Pewter marked with the Roſe in *England*; And in caſe the ſame be under the fineſt of the ſaid Pewter of *England*, that the ſame ſhall be confiſcat, and he puniſhed in his perſon at the diſcretion of the Magiſtrates of the Burgh where he dwels: And to that effect, that there be a Say-maſter appointed by the Magiſtrats in each Burgh, for trying of the ſame. As likewayes, that he ſhall take, betwixt the pound of old Pewter and Tin, marked with the Roſe foreſaid, and the pound of new caſten by him, two ſhillings *Scots* allanerly, under the pain foreſaid.

ACT

VIII.

ACT anent the diſcharging of Advocations for ſums within two hundred merks.

OUr Soveraign Lord and Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, the manifold prejudices and troubles ariſing to divers of His *Majeſties* Lieges, in purſuing of maters of ſmall importance, by the too frequent granting of Advocations from inferiour Judges. Therefore, our ſaid Soveraign Lord, with advice and conſent of the ſaids Eſtates, Diſcharges the Lords of Seſſion from giving and granting Letters of Advocation, of any actions intended or to be intended before whatſoever inferiour Judicatories, which may competently, by the Laws of the Kingdom, be decided by the ſaids inferiour Judges, before whom the ſaid Action is or ſhall be intended, for ſums of money within two hundred Merks; or for any other cauſe, whereunto, by the Laws of the Kingdom, the ſaids inferiour Judges are expreſly appointed Judges.

IX.

ACT in favours of Minors, anent the duties of the Lands compriſed from them.

OUr Soveraign Lord conſidering, the favourable condition of Minors, who are often-times deſtitute of Tutors and Curators; and though they have them, yet in reſpect of their minority, they are not in capacity or credit to raiſe ſums of money for ſatisfaction of their Creditors: And it being unreaſonable, that their Creditors compriſers of their Eſtate, ſhould, during the not expiring of the legall reverſion, which, according to Law, continues during their minority, have more advantage by their Eſtate then correſponds to the Annual-rent of the true ſums owing to them by vertue of their compriſings; Doth, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Ratifie and Approve the Act of Parliament, made in *Auguſt*, one thouſand ſix hundred and twenty one, *Cap.* 6. in ſo far

far as the ſame concerns Minors; And Declares, that the true meaning thereof was, and is, that Minors, having right to the legal reverſion, ſhould be no further oblieged during their minority of twenty one years of age, but allanerly for the Annual-rent of the ſums contained in the compriſings; and that they loſe not the right of the *ſuper-plus* of the mailes and duties of the Lands, ſo far as the ſame exceeds the ſaid Annual-rents, during their ſaid minority.

X.

ACT againſt exportation of money forth of the Kingdom.

THe Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, how much the Kingdom is impoveriſhed by the daily exportation of money forth of the ſame; and that the making uſe of our own native Commodities, for furniſhing us with theſe things which formerly were brought to us from forraign places, is, by the commendable induſtry of ſeveral deſerving Country-men and ingenious Artiſts, much improved: And that in order to their encouragment, and that our own native Commodities may go the better off, neceſſar it is, that ſome more ſevere reſtraint then formerly be laid upon the exportation of money. Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Statutes and Ordains, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever, ſhall trade or uſe merchandize with any other Nation, till firſt they take an Oath before the Lord Theaſurer or Theſaurer-depute, or before ſuch perſons as they ſhall appoint for that effect, that they ſhall not export by themſelves or others, directly or indirectly, by Sea or Land, any Gold or Silver, coyned or un-coyned, except ſuch a ſum as they ſhall declare upon oath before the ſaid Lord Theſaurer, Theſaurer-depute, or theſe appointed by them, as ſaid is, to be neceſſar for making of their voyage to the Port where they are going; and that if he know any money tranſported by any other perſon, he ſhall delate the ſame to the Lord Theſaurer, Principal or Depute, or to the foreſaid perſons appointed by them. As likewiſe, every Skipper ſhall, before he make any voyage after the publication hereof, to any other Kingdom or Nation, take an Oath before the ſaid Lord Theſaurer

ſaurer or Theſaurer-depute, or theſe appointed by them for that effect, that he ſhall not himſelf tranſport, nor ſuffer any Gold or Silver, coyned or un-coyned (except as is above-excepted, and except the ſum of three ſcore pounds at moſt, which every Paſſenger is hereby allowed to carry forth of the Country for his neceſſar ſpending) to be tranſported in the Ship wherein he is Maſter, and that he ſhall uſe his outmoſt endeavour for diſcovery of the ſame, if any be: And that if after he hath made ſail, it ſhall come to his knowledge, that there is any money concealed in his Ship, or in any other Ship, he ſhall, at his return, delate the ſame to the Lord Theſaurer, Principal or Depute, or to theſe appointed by them for that effect: and which perſons appointed by them, are hereby required, to give timeous notice thereof to the ſaid Lord Theſaurer or Theſaurer-depute, under the penalty of the half of the money informed to have been tranſported. And ſicklike, the ſaids Oaths ſhall be renewed and taken before the ſaids Lord Theſaurer or Depute, or theſe appointed by them, as ſaid is, by all Skippers and Merchants, at the making of every particular voyage; and both the ſaids Oaths ſhall be ſubſcribed by the reſpective parties, and inſert in the Books of Exchequer, or in the books of theſe perſons appointed by the Lords Theſaurer or Depute for that effect; for which Extracts, they ſhall pay to the keepers of theſe Regiſters twelve ſhillings *Scots* allanerly, the one thereof to be carried to the Cuſtomer, and inſert in their Books *gratis*; the other to be carried to the keeper of the Cocquet, and inſert in his Books *gratis*. And it is further Statute and Ordained, That in caſe any Merchant or Skipper, ſhall, after the publication hereof, trade with, or make any voyage to any other Kingdom or Nation, before the taking of the ſaids Oaths, and production of the Extracts thereof to the Cuſtomer and keeper of the Cocquet, that then they ſhall forfeit the fifth part of their moveables and be incapable, the Merchant of all trading, and the Skipper of having any charge of any Ship within this Kingdom in all time coming. Provided alwayes, that the taking of the Oaths above-mentioned ſhall be without prejudice of ſearch for, or ſeizure of, any exported money: And if any Gold or Silver, coyned or un-coyned, ſhall, after publication hereof, be diſcovered carrying out of the Kingdom, by any perſon who hath taken the ſaid Oath, the ſame not only to be confiſcat, but the perſon or perſons owners thereof, to be proceeded againſt as perjured perſons, and further lyable to ſix moneths impriſonment. As alſo, it is hereby Declared, that notwithſtanding of the ſaid Oaths, if it ſhall at any time thereafter be legally proven, money hath been carried out of the Kingdom by the perſons takers of the ſaid Oath, the ſaids perſons ſhall be proceeded againſt as perjured perſons, and

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by and attour, be fined in the value of the money exported; and whatſoever money ſhall be diſcovered or ſeized upon, the one half thereof to be for His *Majeſties* uſe, and the other half to the informer. And the Lord Theſaurer and Theſaurer-depute are hereby required, to appoint ſufficient honeſt men, to be found at the reſpective Ports of this Kingdom, or Royal Burghs next adjacent thereto, for taking of the ſaids Oaths; And that they take bond, with ſufficient caution, from each of the perſons ſo appointed, under the pain of ſix thouſand pounds *Scots*, that they ſhall not ſuffer any Merchand or Skipper to uſe trade or merchandize with any forraign Kingdom or Nation, before they have taken the ſaids Oaths; and ſhall do their utmoſt endeavours for diſcovery and ſeizure of all money carryed out of the Kingdom: And that if it ſhall be informed to them, that any money hath been carryed out of the Kingdom, they ſhall give ſpeedy and timeous notice of their information to the ſaid Lord Theſaurer or Theſaurer-depute, the one half of the foreſaid ſum of ſix thouſand pounds, in caſe of failzie, to be for His *Majeſties* uſe, and the other half to be given to the delator, and to be further lyable to ſix moneths impriſonment for breach of their truſt. And ſicklike, the ſaid Lord Theſaurer principal, and Theſaurer-depute, are hereby required, to cauſe the Farmerers and Collectors of the Cuſtom, and keepers of the Cocquet, to take an Oath, that the ſaids Farmerers and Collectors of the Cuſtom ſhall uſe their utmoſt endeavours, for the diſcovery and ſeizure of all money carrying out of the Kingdom by Sea or Land, either by Merchant, Skipper, or by any perſon of whatſoever quality or degree, except as is above excepted; and that they ſhall not give warrand to any Skipper to receive a Cocquet, unleſs they have received, both from the Skipper and Merchants in the Ship, extracts of the reſpective Oaths, as ſaid is; and that the keepers of the Cocquets ſhall give no Cocquet, unleſs they have likewiſe received extracts of the Oaths above-mentioned, both from Skipper and Merchants; and both Cuſtomers and keepers of the Cocquet to give bond, with ſufficient caution, under ſuch ſums of money as the ſaid Lord Theſaurer principal, and Theſaurer-depute ſhall think fit, for fulfilling of the premiſſes. And in caſe the ſaids Farmerers, Collectors and keepers of the Cocquet, or either of them, ſhall refuſe to compear, or compearing, refuſe or delay to take the Oath, and give their Bond as aforeſaid, then their Tack, Commiſſion, Gift, or any other Title by which they enjoy their Places and Charges, to be void and null, and they to be further lyable to ſuch cenſures, as the ſaid Lord Theſaurer principal, and Theſaurer-depute ſhall think fit for their contumacy. And if it ſhall be made appear to the ſaid Lord Theſaurer principal, and Theſaurer-depute, that any of the Farmerers or Collectors of Cuſtom, or keepers of

Cocquet,

Cocquet, ſhall tranſgreſs the Oath and Bond above-mentioned in any part, then their Tack, Commiſſion, Gift, or any other Title by which they enjoy their ſaids Places, to be void and null, and they to have incurred the ſums and penalties contained in their reſpective Bonds (the one half thereof to be given to the informer or delator) and to be further proceeded againſt as perjured perſons; Diſcharging hereby, all granting of Licences for exporting of money; except to ſuch perſons allanerly as ſhall make faith in Exchequer, or theſe appointed by the Lord Theſaurer or Theſaurer-depute; and give ſufficient Bond, that the money which they are to carry out, is to be beſtowed upon Timber in *Norway*, or in order for bringing in of Victual in time of extream dearth, and that they ſhall return, *in ſpecie*, what part of the money ſhall not be ſo beſtowed.

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XI.

ACT for encouragment of Tillage and Paſturage.

OUR Soveraign Lord conſidering, how neceſſar it is, for the encouragment of the tillage of this Country, which is ſubject to ſo much *toil* and expence, though the *improvement* thereof be moſt advantagious to the whole Kingdom, That liberty be granted for the exportation of Corns, after the Natives are ſufficiently provided for. Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, Statutes and Declares, That it ſhall be lawfull to export Corns of all ſorts, when they are under the prices following, at the Ports or reſpective places of exportation; *viz.* ilk Boll of Wheat, under twelve pounds the Boll, Beir and Barley, under eight pounds the Boll, Oates and Peaſe, under eight merks the Boll; notwithſtanding of any former Acts, Laws or Practice to the contrary, they paying the uſual Cuſtom and Bullion as formerly: with this proviſion, That when the Lords of His *Majeſties* Secret Council ſhall judge it neceſſar, for the good of the Kingdom and preventing of dearth, they may diſcharge the exportation of Victual of all ſorts, for ſo long time as they ſhall think fit. As alſo, for im-

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provement of the Pasturage of this Kingdom, and for encouragement of the breeders of the Bestial thereof, It is Statute and Ordained, with advice and consent foresaid, that the exportation by Sea, of all sorts of Bestial, either Nolt, Sheep or Swine, and barrelled Fleshes of all sort, shall be free of Custom, Bullion, and all other impositions, for the space of nineteen years next after the date hereof.

XII.

ACT for a new Imposition upon English Commodities.



He Estates of Parliament considering, how much it concernes the credit and wealth of the Kingdom, that our own native Commodities be manufactured amongst our selves, and that the endeavours of such persons as are setting up Manufacturies and Trades, have been, and are much retarded, by the importation of such forraign Commodities as may be made within the Kingdom. Therefore, and for their due encouragment, the King's *Majesty*, with advice and consent of the Estates of Parliament, Statutes and Ordains, That from and after the first day of *September* next, twelve pounds *Scots* upon ilk ell of broad English Cloath; six pounds upon ilk ell of *York-shire* and all narrow Cloath; two pounds eight shillings upon ilk ell of Searge; thirty shillings upon ilk ell of Castilians; fourty eight pounds upon ilk Beaver-hat; twenty four pounds upon ilk Demy-beaver and Vigon; and three pounds upon the piece of ilk common Hat; thirty six pounds upon the dozen of worstead Stockings; twenty four pounds upon the dozen of Stag-gloves; and twelve pounds upon the dozen of single Stags, Cordivans, Kid or Shiverings; and twenty four shillings upon ilk pound of Tobacco, imported either for sale or private use into this Kingdom from *England*, all *Scots* money; Be exacted, levied and collected; and fourscore *per cent.* upon all other sorts of Commodities imported into this Kingdom from *England*, and not particularly named in this Act, and upon all the growth and manufactury of that Kingdom, though imported from any other place, and that over and above all other impositions put upon the same already. And to the effect this present Act may be the more exactly put to execu-

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tion, It is Statute and Ordained, That all Goods imported from *England*, or of the growth and manufactury of *England*, not above particularly expreſt, ſhall be valued, after ſighting, by two skilfull honeſt men, upon oath, to be nominate by the Dean of Gild or his Aſſeſſors, or Magiſtrates of the Burgh, or next adjacent Burgh to the Cuſtom-office, where the ſaids Goods are entered, or by the oath of the party to whom the ſaids Goods belongs, and accordingly pay the ſaid fourſcore *per cent.* And the Lords Theſaurer and Theſaurer-depute, and Lords of His *Majeſties* Exchequer, are hereby required to take an Oath, and Bond with ſufficient Caution, from the Farmers or Collectors of the ſaids impoſitions, that they ſhall exactly collect the ſame, without any abatement thereof, directly or indirectly; and that they ſhall not ſuffer any of the ſaids Goods to paſs or be conveyed away un-entered, and that under the penalty of the worth of the ſaids Goods, if the contrary ſhall be made appear, the one half thereof to His *Majeſties* uſe, and the other half to the informer, and under the pain of forfaulting their Tacks and Commiſſions, and being declared incapable to farm or collect, in any time hereafter, any Cuſtom, Exciſe, or other Impoſition whatſoever within this Kingdom. And if any of the foreſaids Goods or Commodities ſhall be informed and made appear to be brought in, or ſhall be ſeized upon, not being entered in the Cuſtom-office, or any other Office appointed for that effect, then the ſame to be wholly confiſcat, the one half to His *Majeſties* uſe, and the other half to the firſt informer or ſeizer thereof.

XIII.

ACT impoſing a Cuſtom upon Corn imported from Ireland *into this Kingdom.*

THE Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, what great ſums of money are carryed out of the Kingdom, by perſons, importers of Corn hither from *Ireland*, who having ſold their Corns, export the money without battering any of the Commodities of this Kingdom; whereby the whole Nation, particularly thoſe near adjacent parts of the Kingdom, are much impoveriſhed of money: And that it is juſt and reaſonable that the ſaid Corns ſhould bear Cuſtom, toward the increaſe of His *Majeſties* Revenue, proportionably with other imported

Commodities, eſpecially when the Corns of this Kingdom are ſold at eaſie rates. Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Doth hereby impoſe three pounds *Scots* of Cuſtom upon ilk boll, *Linlithgow* meaſure, of Corn imported into this Kingdom from *Ireland*, after the firſt day of *September* next; and appoints thirty ſhillings *Scots* to be raiſed upon ilk boll already imported, and not yet retailed, conform to an Act of the Committee of Eſtates made there-anent, in *anno*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty. But, leaſt the more indigent ſort of people might be prejudged, by hightning the prices of the ſaids Corns in time of dearth, under pretence of the ſaid Cuſtom; Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent foreſaid, doth hereby give power to the Lords of His Privy Council, to remit and diſcharge the exacting of the ſaid Cuſtom, when they ſhall find the prices of the Victual of this Kingdom, Meal and Barley *reſpective*, to exceed eight pounds the boll; And appoints the Lords of His Exchequer to cauſe put this Act to full execution, and cauſe the foreſaid Cuſtom be exactly levied, with power to them to allow ſuch fies to the Collectors thereof as they ſhall think fit.

XIV.

ACT for in-bringing of His Majeſties *Rents.*

FOraſmuch, as His *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament, taking to their conſideration, the great contempt and neglect of the ſeveral Fewers and others lyable in payment of His *Majeſties* Rents, where-through (notwithſtanding of the diligence and endeavours of His *Majeſties* Theſaurer principal, Theſaurer-depute, and others his *Majeſties* Officers appointed for the management of His *Majeſties* Revenue) the ſame are not payed, or otherwiſe ſo unſeaſonably payed, that it proves a great hindrance and prejudice to His *Majeſties* Affairs. And finding ſeveral Acts of Parliament made for the timeous and ſeaſonable payment of His *Majeſties* Rents, as well conſtituting the time and ſitting of Exchequer, to the effect that the perſons lyable in payment, might know both the time, place and perſons, where, when and to whom they ſhould compt and make payment of the ſaids Duties, as alſo ſuch cenſures and penalties as might induce them to due obedience thereto: Particularly, the ſixty third Act, *Par.* eleventh, holden by His *Majeſties* Grand-

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father of bleſſed memory, in *anno*, one thouſand five hundred and eighty ſeven, Ordaining the Exchequer to ſit down the firſt day of *July* yearly, and to continue to the laſt day of *Auguſt* thereafter; requiring not only the Theſaurer, Comptroller, Collector, their Deputes and other Officers, to be preſent and give their attendance during the ſaid time; but alſo, all perſons lyable in payment, who ought to make compt in Exchequer, to be charged by Precepts to compear thereat, under the pain of fourty pounds, to be up-lifted by the Theſaurer; Ordaining Letters of Horning to be directed againſt them for payment thereof, and that the ſaids perſons do attend for making of the ſaids accompts to the cloſe thereof; and in caſe of diſobedience to the ſaid Precept, that they be charged of new at the Mercat-croſs of *Edinburgh*, and in caſe of their diſobedience to the ſaid Charge, to be denounced Rebels at the ſaid Croſs; which denounciation is declared to be as ſufficient, as if the ſame were at the head Burgh of the Shire where the perſon liveth, and that the Horning be regiſtrat in the Theſaurers books or Sheriff books of *Edinburgh*. And ſicklike, by the ſixty fifth Act of the ſaid Parliament, All Chamberlains and other Receivers of His *Majeſties* Rents, as well heretable as moveable, are ordained to find caution to the Theſaurer in *Edinburgh*, for making compt at the ordinar time of Exchequer, and payment within twenty dayes after the terme. And alſo, by the eighty Act of the ſaid Parliament, it is Ordained, that Letters be directed, charging the Sheriffs, under the pain of rebellion; with certification, *&c.* to find caution, Burgeſſes Indwellers in *Edinburgh*, that they ſhall yearly make their accompts in Exchequer, and pay all things reſting owing to the King's *Majeſty*, by vertue of their Office. And ſicklike, by the two hundred and thirty Act, Parliament fourteenth, *anno*, one thouſand five hundred and ninety four; not only the foreſaid Act is ratified and approven; but alſo, all Chamberlains, Fewers, Cuſtomers, Bailies of Burroughs, and Sheriffs, and others intromettors with the foreſaids Rents, are ordained to find caution Burgeſſes of *Edinburgh*, for yearly compearing and making compt in Exchequer. And ſicklike, by another Act, Parliament fifteen, Act two hundred and ſixty two, for preventing of the prejudice that did then ariſe, through the not timeous payment of the foreſaids Rents, payable out of the High-lands and Iſles, the ſaids Fewers are Ordained to find caution to the Exchequer, for yearly and thankfull payment of the yearly Rents, Duties and Services due and payable forth of the Lands poſſeſt and occupied by them, or any other in their names; wherein if they failed, their pretended Infeftments, and other Rights and Titles they have to any of their Lands, either property or ſuperiority, are declared forfault and null. Which whole Acts of Parliament *reſpective* above-mentioned,

tioned, The King's *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament, taking of new to their conſideration; and finding no means could have been more probable and conduceable, for preventing of theſe prejudices and obſtructions that have ariſen to His *Majeſties* Affairs, through the not timely payment of His Rents; and that the neglect of the exact putting of the ſaids Acts to execution, hath been the only fountain from whence theſe have ſprung. Therefore, and for preventing of the ſame in the future, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, doth Revive, Renew, Ratifie and Approve the foreſaids Acts, reſpectively and particularly above-written, of the dates, tenors and contents thereof in all points, in ſo far as the ſame are or may be extended to the payment or ſecuring of His *Majeſties* Rents; and Ordains the ſame to have force, and be punctually obeyed and extended againſt all Chamberlains, Fewers, Sheriffs, Stewarts of Stewartries, Bailies of Regalities, Bailies of Burroughs, and others lyable in payment of any of His *Majeſties* Rents, for finding caution in Exchequer to the Theſaurer principal and Theſaurer-depute, who are hereby required to cauſe charge the foreſaids perſons, particularly above-mentioned, at the Mercat-croſs of *Edinburgh* to compear before them, to the effect above-written; with certification, not only under the pains contained in the reſpective Acts of Parliament; but alſo, in caſe of their diſobedience, to denounce them Rebels at the ſaid Mercat-croſs of *Edinburgh*, and to be regiſtrate in the Theſaurers or general Regiſters of Hornings: Which charge, denounciation and regiſtration *reſpective*, the King's *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament Declares to be as ſufficient, to all purpoſes and intents, as if the ſame charge were given to them perſonally at their dwelling-houſes, and the denounciation at the head Burgh of the Shire where they live, and the ſame regiſtrate in the Sheriff Books thereof. And ſicklike, His *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament taking to their conſideration, that ſeveral of the ſaids Fewers, charged and denounced for not compearing, compting and paying of their ſaids Duties, do ly under the Proceſs of Horning, apprehending themſelves (from the diſtance of the place) ſecure, both as to their perſons and goods, to the great contempt of His *Majeſties* Royal Authority, ſlighting, contemning and vilipending His *Majeſties* Laws: And His *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, by the nature, duty and office of each Sheriff, Stewart and Bailies of Regalities within their reſpective Juriſdictions, they as His *Majeſties* Officers are oblieged, and by ſeveral Acts of Parliament, (*viz.* the 30. *Act* Ja. 4. *Par.* 3. *Par.* 6. *Act* 69. *Act* 97. Ja. 5. *Par.* 7. *Act* 74. *Par.* 6. Ja. 6. *Act* 75. Ja. 6. *Par.* 6.) Ordained, to execute His *Majeſties* Laws, and put Letters of Poinding and Caption to execution, take and apprehend the Rebels, uplift their eſtates and compt for the ſame to the Comptroller and Theſaurer,

saurer, and to cause their Clerks give in the Registers of Hornings, and to uplift His *Majesties* retoured Duties, blench Duties, Taxations, and other Duties payable to His *Majesty*, as not only the saids Acts of Parliament, but also the several Rolls of Exchequer, bears; Whereby it appears, both by Law, and the nature, and duty of their Office, that they ought to execute His *Majesties* Letters, and cause His *Majesty* be payed of His Rents by the persons lyable on payment thereof within their bounds, and that the contemners of His *Majesties* Authority be duly punished, and His *Majesties* Laws put to execution by them as His proper Officers. Therefore, the King's *Majesty* and Estates of Parliament Ordains, when any of the foresaids persons, for disobedience to the charges given to them for payment of the Mails, Farmes and Duties, as said is, are denounced rebels and put to the horn, Letters be directed to charge the Sheriff of the Shire and his Deputes, Stewart of the Stewartry, Baily of the Regality *respective*, within those bounds where the saids persons dwells or lands lyes, to take and apprehend their persons and put them in warde, ay and while payment be made to the Thesaurer and Thesaurer-depute, or others appointed by them, and an *eque* retired thereof, or to poind and destrinzie the readiest goods and geer, and make sale of so much thereof; and to cause His *Majesties* Thesaurer and Thesaurer-depute, and others appointed by them for that effect, to be compleatly payed of the said sum charged for, or to instruct sufficient and exact diligence for the same, within twenty one dayes next after they be charged: With certification, if they failzie, the saids twenty one dayes being by-past, Letters shall be directed to charge them or their respective cautioners to make payment thereof themselves, under the pain of rebellion and putting of them to the horn; and if they failzie, to denounce them rebels, *&c.* in maner above-specified.

XV.

ACT concerning Beggars and Vagabonds.

OUr Soveraign Lord, considering the many laudable Acts of Parliament, made by His *Majesties* Royal Predecessors for relief of the Poor, and for constraining of Beggars, Vagabonds and idle Persons to take themselves to lawfull Callings, that they might not be burdensom and dis-gracefull to the Kingdom; Especially the seventh Act of the sixth Parliament of His *Majesties* Royal Grand-father King *James* the

the ſixth of happy memory; Ordaining the names of the Poor of ilk Paroch, and ſuch as muſt be neceſſarily ſuſtained by almes, to be taken up, and to tax and ſtint the perſons within the Paroch, according to the eſtimation of their ſubſtance, without exception of perſons, to ſuch weekly charges and contributions, as ſhould be thought ſufficient to ſuſtain the ſaid poor People: And the hundred and ſixty eight Act of the fifteenth Parliament King *James* the ſixth, Ratifying the former Act; with this addition, That ſtrong Beggars, with their Bairns, be imployed in common Works, and that they ſhall continue ſervants therein during their life-times. And conſidering the tenth Act of the two and twentieth Parliament of His ſaid Royal Grandfather King *James* the ſixth, Recommending to all His good Subjects, to take into their ſervice poor and indigent Children, declaring that they ſhall be ſubject to their ſaid Maſters, their Heirs and Aſſignes, in all kind of ſervice that ſhall be enjoyned to them, untill they paſs their age of thirty years compleat, and that they ſhall be ſubject to their Maſters correction and chaſtiſement in all maner of puniſhment (life and torture excepted) and that if it ſhall happen, the ſaid perſons to abſent themſelves from their Maſters ſervice without their licence, not only to be lyable to bodily puniſhment at their Maſters diſcretion, but that all recepters of them ſhall be oblieged to reſtore them to their Maſters, within twenty four hours after they be required, otherwayes, to pay to their ſaid Maſters, ten ſhillings *Scots* for ilk dayes abſence till they be reſtored. And His *Majeſty* conſidering, that the chief cauſe, whereby the foreſaids Acts have proven in-effectual, and that Vagabonds and idle Perſons do yet ſo much abound, hath been, that there were few or no common Works then erected in the Kingdom, who might take and imploy the ſaid idle Perſons in their ſervice; and that now, by His *Majeſties* Princely care, common Works for Manufacturies of divers ſorts, are ſetting up in this Kingdom; Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, Ratifies and Approves the foreſaids Acts of Parliament; with this addition, That it ſhall be leiſum to all Perſons or Societies, who have or ſhall ſet up any Manufacturies within this Kingdom, to ſeize upon and apprehend the perſons of any Vagabonds, who ſhall be found begging, or who being Maſterleſs and out of ſervice, have not wherewith to maintain themſelves by their own means or work, and to imploy them for their ſervice as they ſhall ſee fit, the ſame being done with the advice of the reſpective Magiſtrates of the place where they ſhall be ſeized upon; And Ordains the Paroches where ſuch Vagabonds or idle Perſons, as ſhall be found begging, were born; or in caſe the place of their nativity be not known, the Paroches where they have any reſidence, haunt, or moſt reſort,

for

for the ſpace of three years immediatly preceeding their being ſo apprehended, who thereby are relieved of the burden of them, to make payment to the Perſons or Societies that ſhall happen to imploy them, of two ſhillings *Scots* money *per diem*, for the firſt year after they be apprehended, and one ſhilling *Scots per diem* for the next three years thereafter; the one half thereof to be payed by the Heretors of the ſeveral Paroches *reſpective*, and the other half thereof to be payed by the Poſſeſſors and Inhabitants dwelling upon the ground of each Heretor *reſpective*. Likeas, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent foreſaid, Ordains the Heretors of each Paroch, or as many of them as ſhall happen to meet, upon publick intimation, made at the Paroch-kirk upon any Sabbath at the diſſolving of the Church from the firſt Sermon, by any of the Heretors of the Paroch, or by the imployers of the Poor, to make up a ſtent Roll for maintenance of the Poor in their Paroch, who ſhall be imployed, as ſaid is, at the rate aforeſaid, the one half thereof to be payed by the Heretors, either conform to the old extent of their Lands within the Paroch, or conform to the valuation by which they laſt payed aſſeſsment; or otherwayes, as the major part of the Heretors, ſo meeting, ſhall agree, Life-renters and Wod-ſetters alwayes being lyable, during their Rights as Heretors; and the other half thereof to be laid upon the Tennents and Poſſeſſors, according to their means and ſubſtance. And in caſe the ſaids Heretors, being required by any Perſon or Society, imploying the Poor as ſaid is, ſhall failzie to make up and deliver a ſtent Roll in maner foreſaid, with power to the Perſons, Society or others intruſted by them, to charge the Heretors of each Paroch for the ſum of two ſhillings *Scots per diem*, for each one of their Poor, whereof they ſhall be relieved in maner foreſaid, conform to the old extent or valuation foreſaid, at the option of the Perſon or Society imploying, or theſe intruſted by them; which ſtent Roll ſhall continue and ſtand for one year after the making up thereof, either by the Heretors, or in caſe of failzie, by the Perſons or Societies imploying the Poor, as ſaid is, and ſhall then be renewed from year to year, during the years above-written. Providing alſo, that the Heretors, in caſe they failzie to make a ſtent Roll, as ſaid is, and be charged conform to the old extent or valuation of their Lands, that they ſhall have relief of the Tennents and Poſſeſſors of their Lands, for the one half of what they ſhall be diſtreſſed for. And His *Majeſty*, with conſent foreſaids, Ordains Letters of Horning to be directed hereupon, at the inſtance of the Perſons or Societies imployers of the Poor, or perſons intruſted by them, againſt the Heretors and others for payment of the ſaid daily allowance for the Poor, or againſt the recepters of them, being ſo imployed, for ten ſhillings *Scots* money *per diem*, upon fifteen dayes only: Providing alwayes, that after examination of the caſe, the Lords of

the Privy Council ſhall find cauſe for directing ſuch Letters; And Ordains all Sheriffs, Stewarts, Bailies of Regality, Principality, Magiſtrates of Burroughs, or Juſtices of Peace and their Conſtables, to be aſſiſting in the apprehending of the ſaids Vagabonds, or in the bringing of them back to their ſervice, after they ſhall be imployed: And ſtrictly Prohibits and Diſcharges all perſons whatſoever, to oppoſe or hinder the taking or bringing back of them in maner foreſaid *reſpective*, under the pain of deforcement. Likeas, it is hereby Declared, That the Poor ſo imployed ſhall continue in the ſervice of the imployers, and under their direction and correction, in maner foreſaid, not only during the ſpace of the maintenance to be payed for them by their Paroches, in maner above-written; but alſo for the ſpace of ſeven years thereafter for meat and cloath only; Declaring alwayes, likeas it is hereby expreſly Declared, that the Burgh of *Air* nor their inhabitants ſhall no wayes be comprehended herein, but are excepted here-from in all points. And recommends to the Lords of the Privy Council, to ſee this Act and all former Acts of Parliament made againſt ſturdy Beggars and Vagabonds, put to execution, with power to them to ſupply by their order what ſhall be deficient, as to the execution of the ſaids Acts.

XVI.

A CT anent the meaſure of Coal.

OUr Soveraign Lord, conſidering, that ſeveral queſtions and debates do ariſe, betwixt the buyers of Coal, and the Cuſtomers and Receivers of the Bullion, anent the meaſure of of the Chalder, by which the Cuſtom and Bullion impoſed upon the Coal ſhould be paid; Doth therefore, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Statute and Declare, That the rates of Cuſtom and Bullion, impoſed upon the Chalder of Coal, is and ſhall be underſtood of the *Culroſs*-chalder; and the ſaids rates exacted and paid according to that meaſure allanerly, notwithſtanding of any former Cuſtom to the contrary.

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XVII.

ACT anent the Foot-meaſure.

THe Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, that notwithſtanding by the ancient Laws of the Kingdom, the ell is deſigned to be thirty ſeven inches, yet many uſe inches by which the ell is divided into fourty two inches, and of theſe ſmall inches, make the Foot-meaſure of a ſmaller proportion then it ought to be, to the great prejudice of the Lieges; and that the occaſion of this liberty hath been, becauſe, that hitherto there hath no Standard been appointed for Foot-meaſures, as well as other meaſures. Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Statutes and Ordains, That from and after the firſt day of *June* next, one thouſand ſix hundred ſixty four, no Workman nor other perſon ſhall make uſe of any other Foot-meaſure, then ſuch as conſiſts of twelve of theſe inches whereof the ell contains thirty ſeven: And that this may be the better made practicable to the Lieges, Ordains an exact Standard-foot to be made by the Magiſtrates of *Edinburgh*, before the firſt of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty four, of Iron or Copper, and preſerved by the City of *Edinburgh* for all time coming. And that all Burghs ſhall have a meaſure made according to it, and hung at their Tolbooth doors or upon their Mercat-croſſes, before the firſt of *March*, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty four; and any Burgh that ſhall fail in this, ſhall be lyable to the penalty of one hundred pounds *Scots*. And Ordains, That all Wrights, Glaſiers, Maſons, and all other ſorts of publick Work-men, ſhall work by this Foot-meaſure allanerly, that the Lieges may not be abuſed by variety of meaſures. Providing alwayes, that this do infer no further priviledge to the Burgh of *Edinburgh*, in juſting of the Standard to the Shires and Burghs within the Kingdom, then the keeping of the ſame; nor to any others that have Standards of the like nature.

XVIII.

ACT diſcharging Monday and Saturday Mercats in Royal Burghs.

OUr Soveraign Lord conſidering, that there is much occaſion given for profanation of the Lords-day, in the Royal Burghs, by keeping their weekly Mercats on Monday and Saturday, and that the ſame may be as conveniently kept on other dayes of the week; Doth therefore, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, Inhibit and Diſcharge, all the Royal Burghs, from keeping any Mercats, in time coming, upon the Monday or Saturday, under the pain of one hundred Merks, to be payed by each of the Royal Burghs for every contravention *reſpective*: And allows them to change and keep their Mercats on other dayes of the week as they have done formerly, ſince the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty four, and that they make timeous intimation of the change to the next adjacent Burghs. It being alwayes Declared, that this Act is not to be extended againſt Fleſhers in Royal Burghs, who may keep Mercat of Fleſhes in their reſpective Burghs upon theſe dayes, this Act notwithſtanding.

XIX.

ACT anent Lint-ſeed, Hemp-ſeed and Steel.

THe Eſtates of Parliament, taking to conſideration, the manifold miſtakes and differences that do and may ariſe, betwixt the Farmers of exciſe and Merchants, anent the exacting of Exciſe upon Lint-ſeed, Hemp-ſeed and Steel, which ſeems to be occaſioned becauſe theſe Commodities are not particularly excepted, in the Act of the Annuity, from paiment of Exciſe: And being certainly informed, that the preſent Farmers of Exciſe and their Collectors, do require and exact duty of Hemp-ſeed, Lint-ſeed and Steel, contrary to the meaning of the ſaid Act of Annuity, and of the fourtieth Act of this preſent Parliament, made for encouragment of Manufacturies. Therefore, our Soveraign Lord, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Doth Declare, all Hemp-ſeed, Lint-ſeed and Steel, to be included in the generality of the proviſo of the ſaid Act of Annuity; as alſo of the ſaid fourtieth Act, whereby all materials for Manufacturies are exempted from Exciſe.

XX.

ACT anent Manses and Glebs, and poinding for Ministers Stipends.

OUr Soveraign Lord, considering the great difficulties which often-times the Ministers of the Gospel do meet with, in the due payment of their Rents and Stipends; So that they are sometimes forced to use legal execution by poinding, and in so doing are necessitate to carry the Goods poinded, to be appriſed at the Mercat-croſs of the head Burgh of the Shire, Stewartry, Bailery or Regality, many miles distant from the place where the Goods are poinded, to the great prejudice of the party and of the Goods also. Therefore, His *Majesty*, with advice and consent of the Estates of Parliament, Declares, That it shall be sufficient to the Ministers foresaid, in poinding, appriſing and destrenzying the Goods of the persons deficient in payment of their Rents and Stipends, to compriſe the saids Goods, by honest sworn men, upon the ground of the Lands and place where the Goods are, which shall be as sufficient, as the same were done at the saids Mercat-croſſes. And because, notwithstanding of divers Acts of Parliament made of before, divers Ministers are not yet sufficiently provided with Manses and Glebs, and others do not get their Manses free at their entry; Therefore, our Soveraign Lord, with advice foresaid, Statutes and Ordains, That where competent Manses are not already built, the Heretors of the Paroch, at the sight of the Bishop of the Dioceſs, or such Ministers as he shall appoint, with two or three of the most knowing and discreet men of the Paroch, build competent Manses to their Minister, the expences thereof not exceeding one thousand pounds, and not being beneath five hundred merks: And where competent Manses are already built, Ordains the Heretors of the Paroch to relieve the Minister and his Executors of all cost, charges and expences, for repairing of the foresaid Manses; Declaring hereby, that the Manses being once built and repaired, and the building or repairing satisfied and payed by the Heretors in maner foresaid, the saids Manses shall thereafter be upholden by the incumbent Ministers during their poſſeſſion, and by the Heretors in time of vacancy, out of the readiest of the vacand Stipend. In like-maner Ordains, that every Minister have fewel, foggage, feal and devots, according to the Act of Parliament, made in *anno*, one thousand five hundred and ninety three.

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As alſo, that every Miniſter (except ſuch Miniſters of Royal Burroughs, who have not right to Glebs) have graſs for one horſe and two kine, over and above their Gleb, to be deſigned out of Kirk-lands, and with relief according to the former Acts of Parliament ſtanding in force; And if there be no Kirk-lands lying near the Miniſters Manſe, out of which the graſs for one horſe and two kine may be deſigned, or otherwayes, if the ſaids Kirk-lands be arable Land, in either of theſe caſes, Ordains the Heretors to pay to the Miniſter and his Succeſſors yearly, the ſum of twenty pounds *Scots*, for the ſaid graſs for one horſe and two kine, the Heretors alwayes being relieved according to the Law ſtanding, of other Heretors of Kirk-lands in the ſaid Paroch. And becauſe ſeveral Kirks have no Glebs as yet deſigned to them, it is hereby ſpecially provided, that in all deſignations of Glebs, Incorporat-acres, in Village or Town where the Heretor hath houſes and gardens, the ſame ſhall not be deſigned, he alwayes giving other Lands neareſt to the Kirk. And His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, for ſpecial cauſes and conſiderations, Declares, that this preſent Act, as to the Manſes, is to have force, as the ſame had been made and dated the fourteenth of *March*, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty nine.

XXI.

ACT anent Compriſings.

OUr Soveraign Lord, conſidering, that ſince the firſt day of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred and fifty two, before the making of the ſixty two Act of the firſt Seſſion of this Parliament, entituled, *Act for ordering the paiment of debts betwixt Creditor and Debitor*, divers perſons, having right by poſterior Compriſings to the legal reverſion of the firſt Compriſing deduced of their Debitors Eſtate, have, according to the Law then in force, redeemed or ſatisfied the firſt Compriſing, and acquired the right thereof for their own better ſecurity, leſt the legal reverſion of the firſt Compriſing ſhould have expired to their prejudice. And whereas, by an Clauſe of the foreſaid Act of Parliament, it is Ordained, That all Compriſings, led ſince the ſaid firſt day of *January*, one thouſand ſix hundred and fifty two, within year and day of the firſt effectual Compriſing, ſhall come in *pari paſſu* together,

gether, in maner, and upon the proviſions, mentioned in the ſaid Act: Which Clauſe, as it is moſt juſt as to all Compriſings led, and ſtanding un-redeemed and un-ſatisfied by the ſubſequent Compriſers having right to the legal reverſion; So it were unjuſt to prejudge thoſe, who, for their own ſecurity, have redeemed or ſatisfied the firſt Compriſing, as ſaid is, according to the Law then ſtanding. Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, Declares, That albeit the foreſaid Act was made *ad præterita*, to regulate the diligence uſed by Compriſings at the inſtance of the Creditors: Yet, it was no wayes their meaning to prejudge poſterior Compriſers, who, *bona fide*, for their own ſecurity, and for preventing the hazard of the expiration of the legal reverſion of the firſt Compriſing, did redeem or ſatisfie the ſame; And therefore it is Statute and Ordained, That the ſaids ſecond Compriſers ſhall no wayes be prejudged of the right of the foreſaid firſt Compriſing, redeemed and ſatisfied by them; Declaring nevertheleſs, that as to the ſecond or poſterior Compriſing, ſtanding in the parties perſon who ſatisfied the firſt, the ſame ſhall only come in with the reſt of the Compriſers, *pari paſſu*, as it is provided by the foreſaid Act. As likewayes Declaring, That theſe preſents be no wayes extended to any Compriſings ſatisfied by the ſecond Compriſers, ſince the making of the foreſaid Act of Parliament, or to be ſatisfied in time coming.

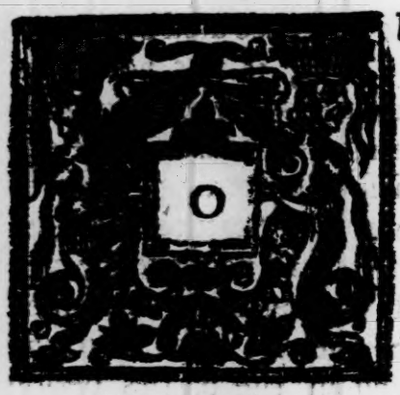
XXII.

ACT anent Sentences of Excommunication.

OUr Soveraign Lord conſidering, that the proviſo in the twenty fifth Act of the firſt Seſſion of Parliament, entituled, *Act for denouncing of excommunicat perſons*, anent the exhibiting the Proceſs and Sentence of excommunication before the Lords of Seſſion, to the end they might conſider the legality of the Proceſs, and grounds whereupon the Sentence proceeded, before any Letters of denounciation ſhould paſs againſt excommunicat perſons, was concluded before the reſtauration of the Biſhops, *and* is prejudicial and derogatory to the juriſdiction of Eccleſiaſtical Authority as it is now eſtabliſhed; Doth therefore, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Retreat and Reſcind the ſaid proviſo, and Declares the ſame to be void and null.

XXIII.

A CT for additional proviſion in favours of the Univerſities.



OUr Soveraign Lord and the Eſtates of Parliament, taking into ſerious conſideration, the condition of the ſeveral Univerſities of this Kingdom; And finding, that the preſent mean and incompetent proviſion of the Maſters and Profeſſors thereof, is ſo prejudicial to the flouriſhing of theſe Seminaries of Church and State, that unleſs ſome conſiderable Augmentation be ſetled upon them for their encouragment, the ableſt and fitteſt perſons of ingenious ſpirits and education, will ſhun and avoid the undertaking of Functions in Univerſities, for want of ſuch ingenuous means as ſhould invite, entertain, encourage and obliege men ſufficient for ſuch laborious imployments, to the great decay of Learning, and detriment of all ranks of Perſons in the Kingdom: For preventing and remeeding whereof, there being an expedient propoſed, that the Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and the reſt of the inferiour Clergy, may allow ſome part yearly of their Rents, Benefices and Maintenance, for the ſpace of five years to come, as an exemplary teſtimony of their piety and zeal, for the advancement of Learning and Religion. Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, Doth Statute and Ordain, That for the cropts and years, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty four, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty five, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty ſix, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty ſeven, and one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty eight, there be raiſed yearly, out of the Rents of ilk Archbiſhop and Biſhop, the ſum of fifty pounds for every thouſand merks of the ſaids Revenues, and the ſum of fourty pounds out of every thouſand merks of the Stipends or Benefices of every Miniſter, and ſo proportionably ſix of the hundred, as the Benefice or Stipend ſhall be valued to be more or leſs by the Biſhops of the Dioceſſes; And that the ſaids ſeveral proportions, payable by the Biſhops, ſhall be yearly given in to the Archbiſhops of the reſpective Provinces, or ſuch as ſhall have warrand from them; and that the ſaids ſeveral proportions, payable by Miniſters, ſhall be yearly given in to the Biſhops of the reſpective Dioceſs, or ſuch as ſhall have warrand from them, and for whom the ſaids Biſhops ſhall be countable:

Which

Which ſums ſo to be raiſed, ſhall be diſtributed to the ſeveral Univerſities, according to thoſe proportions which ſhall be aſſigned by His *Majeſty*, by a Committee to ſit at *Edinburgh*, conſiſting of the Archbiſhops of St. *Andrews* and *Glaſgow*, and the Biſhops of *Edinburgh* and *Aberdeen*, and four others, whereof one to be nominat by the Viſitors of the Univerſity of St. *Andrews*, and another by the Viſitors of the Univerſity of *Glaſgow*, the third by the Viſitors of *Aberdeen*, the fourth by the Council of *Edinburgh*; Hereby authorizing the Archbiſhop of St. *Andrews*, and in his abſence the Archbiſhop of *Glaſgow*, to preſide in the ſaid Committee, and to appoint their diets of meeting from time to time; and the Committee to take care, that the ſums thus allotted, ſhall be put into a Stock and ſetled upon Land or otherwayes, by advice of the reſpective Biſhops, who are Chancellors of the ſaids Univerſities; and Ordains the Annual-rent of the ſaid Stock to be proportioned to the Maſters and Profeſſors of each Univerſity, as the Viſitors thereof ſhall appoint. And further, His *Majeſty* and Eſtates foreſaid, do Ordain, that Stipends, and all Benefices of Kirks that ſhall vaik after the firſt day of *February*, in this following year of God, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty four, for the ſpace of ſeven years next there-after, ſhall be up lifted by

Collector thereof, and imployed by him in the maner, and according to the proportions above-ſpecified, for encreaſing of the Stock of each Univerſity: Declaring, that the fifty two Act of the firſt Seſſion of this Parliament, *Concerning the diſpoſal of vacand Stipends*, ſhall be of no force during the ſpace of the years foreſaid; And Ordains Letters of Horning and Poinding, and all other execution neceſſary, to be directed at the inſtance of the ſaids Biſhops, or any to be appointed by them; and at the inſtance of the ſaid Collector, for the more ſpeedy in-bringing of the ſums *reſpective* above-mentioned. Further, His *Majeſty* and the Eſtates of Parliament, do recommend to the Lords of the Privy Council, to entertain and promote any voluntary offer or contribution, for the ends aforeſaid, to be made by Noble-men or Gentlemen, for a work ſo worthy of the publick wiſdom, piety and honour of this Kingdom. It is alwayes Declared, that this Act ſhall be without prejudice of Acts paſt in this Parliament, for allowing the vacand Stipends of the Dioceſs of *Iſles* and *Argyl* for breeding of young Schollars, the ſum being regulate by the Committee above-named; and that this Act ſhall be no preparative for laying on any burdens on the Clergy hereafter, without their own conſent.

XXIV.

ACT regulating the proportions of Exciſe in the ſeveral Shires and Burghs.

THe Eſtates of Parliament, taking to their conſideration, the grievances repreſented to them by ſeveral Shires and Burghs, anent the exceſſive proportions of Exciſe laid upon them by the late Act of Parliament, and what great burthen the Land-rent of the ſaids Shires and Burghs lyes under, for making up the ſaids proportions, and the great eaſe which ſeveral other Shires have in their proportions; And it being juſt and reaſonable, that all publick impoſitions of that nature, ſhould be equally diſtributed upon thoſe lyable in payment thereof. Therefore, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, Statutes and Ordains, that the ſeveral Shires and Burghs of this Kingdom, ſhall, for the moneths of *November* and *December* next, one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty three, and *January* one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty four years, and in all time thereafter, be lyable in the monethly paiment of the reſpective proportions under-written, *viz.* The Shire of *Edinburgh* principal, in the ſum of two thouſand one hundred and fourty pounds *Scots* money; The Town of *Edinburgh*, in the ſum of two thouſand nine hundred thirty two pounds; The Shire of *Haddingtoun*, in the ſum of one thouſand two hundred fourſcore and eleven pounds; The Shire of *Berwick*, in the ſum of ſix hundred and ten pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Roxburgh*, in the ſum of ſeven hundred threeſcore twelve pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Selkirk*, in the ſum of one hundred fourty ſeven pounds ten ſhillings; The Shire of *Peebles*, in the ſum of one hundred thirty ſeven pounds ten ſhillings; The Shire of *Lanerick*, in the ſum of nine hundred threeſcore eight pounds eight ſhillings; The Town of *Glaſgow*, in the ſum of one thouſand threeſcore ſixteen pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Dumfrieſe*, in the ſum of ſix hundred fifty ſix pounds; The Shire of *Wigtoun* and *Kirkcudburgh*, in the ſum of ſeven hundred thirty two pounds twelve ſhillings, whereof the Stewartry of *Kirkcudburgh* is to pay the ſum of four hundred threeſcore one pounds, and the Shire of *Wigtoun* the ſum of two hundred threeſcore eleven pounds twelve ſhillings; The Shire of *Air*, in the ſum of one

thouſand

thouſand ſix hundred thirty nine pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Dumbartoun*, in the ſum of two hundred fifty four pounds; The Shire of *Bute*, in the ſum of fifty ſeven pounds; The Shire of *Renfrew*, in the ſum of four hundred fifty ſeven pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Stirling*, in the ſum of nine hundred and threeſcore pounds eight ſhillings; The Shire of *Linlithgow*, in the ſum of ſeven hundred fourſcore nineteen pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Perth*, in the ſum of two thouſand three hundred threeſcore fourteen pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Kincardin*, in the ſum of three hundred threeſcore three pounds twelve ſhillings; The Shire of *Aberdeen*, in the ſum of two thouſand four hundred and eighteen pounds nineteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Banff*, in the ſum of four hundred fourty ſeven pounds three ſhillings; The Shire of *Innerneſs*, in the ſum of ſeven hundred fourſcore fourteen pounds eight ſhillings; The Shires of *Elgin* and *Nairn*, in the ſum of five hundred fourſcore ſixteen pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Cromarty*, in the ſum of twenty four pounds; The Shire of *Argyl*, in the ſum of four hundred fourty three pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, in the ſum of three thouſand ſix hundred and eight pounds eight ſhillings; The Shire of *Forfar*, in the ſum of one thouſand twenty four pounds four ſhillings; The Town of *Dundee*, in the ſum of ſeven hundred and eighteen pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Sutherland*, in the ſum of threeſcore twelve pounds twelve ſhillings; The Shire of *Caithneſs*, in the ſum of one hundred fifty three pounds four ſhillings; The Shire of *Orknay* and *Zetland*, in the ſum of two hundred fourty three pounds ſixteen ſhillings; The Shire of *Clackmannan*, in the ſum of two hundred and ſix pounds two ſhillings; And the Shire of *Roſs*, in the ſum of two hundred and four pounds, money foreſaid; Any thing in the ſaid Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithſtanding, which is hereby Declared to be of no force or effect, as to the proportions of the ſaid Exciſe, after the ſaid firſt day of *November* next.

XXV.

An humble Tender to His Sacred Majeſty, *of the duty and loyalty of His ancient Kingdom of* Scotland.

FOraſmuch, as the Eſtates of Parliament, upon conſideration of the great bleſſings this Kingdom enjoyeth, under the protection of His *Majeſties* Authority and the adminiſtrations of His Royal Government; being thereby not only delivered from their former troubles, and all the evils which attend ſuch uſurpations, but being fully reſtored to, and poſſeſt of, all the liberties and priviledges of a free people; Have, by their ſeveral addreſſes to His Sacred *Majeſty*, made offer of their lives and fortunes, and all that is deareſt to them, for the advancement of His Royal Honour, Authority and Greatneſs. And this Kingdom being ſtill more and more ſenſible of this their happineſs, by the often and renewed expreſſions of His *Majeſties* grace and favour, and of His tenderneſs and care of their preſervation, in the peaceable and ſecure enjoyment of their Religion, Laws, Liberties and Properties; Do find themſelves the more oblieged to renew the expreſſions of their duty and loyalty to His *Majeſty*. And therefore, the Eſtates of Parliament, of this His *Majeſties* ancient Kingdom of *Scotland*, do, in name and behalf of all His *Majeſties* good Subjects within the ſame, by theſe preſents, renew the dutifull tender of their lives and fortunes, for the promoving of His *Majeſties* Service and the advancement of His Royal Authority. And as they do chearfully recognoſce His *Majeſties* Royal Prerogative and undoubted Right, of the ſole power of raiſing, arming and commanding of His Subjects; So, in a further acknowledgment of their duty, they do make humble and hearty offer to His *Majeſty*, of twenty thouſand Foot-men and two thouſand Horſe-men, ſufficiently armed, and furniſhed with fourty dayes proviſion, to be raiſed from the ſeveral Shires of the Kingdom, according to the proportions following, *viz.* From the Shires of *Roxburgh* and *Selkirk*, one thouſand three hundred thirty three Foot, and one hundred fourty eight Horſe. From the Shire of *Berwick*, eight hundred Foot, and ſeventy four Horſe. From the Shire of *Edinburgh*, eight hundred Foot, and ſeventy four Horſe. From the Shire of *Haddingtoun*, eight hundred Foot, and ſeventy four Horſe. From the Shire of *Peebles*, two hundred ſixty ſix Foot, and twenty nine Horſe. From the Shire of *Linlithgow*, three hundred thirty three Foot,

and

and fourty two Horſe. From the Burgh of *Edinburgh*, *Lieth* and *Canongate*, eight hundred Foot. From the Shire of *Dumfries*, eight hundred Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Shire of *Wigtoun*, eight hundred Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Shires of *Air* and *Renfrew*, one thouſand three hundred thirty three Foot, and one hundred ſeventy ſix Horſe. From the Shire of *Lanerick*, one thouſand Foot, and one hundred fourty eight Horſe. From the Shires of *Stirling* and *Clackmannan*, ſix hundred ſixty ſix Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Shires of *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, one thouſand ſix hundred Foot, and one hundred ſeventy ſix Horſe. From the Shire of *Perth*, one thouſand ſix hundred Foot, and one hundred ſeventy ſix Horſe. From the Shire of *Forfar*, one thouſand Foot, and one hundred and three Horſe. From the Shire of *Kincardin* and *Marſhals* part of *Aberdeen*, eight hundred Foot, and ſeventy four Horſe. From the reſt of *Aberdeen* and Shire of *Bamff*, one thouſand ſixty ſix Foot, and one hundred ſeventy ſix Horſe. From the Shires of *Elgin*, *Nairn*, and this ſide of *Neſs*, one thouſand Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Earl of *Seafort* and Lord *Lovat*, their diviſion of *Innerneſs*, ſix hundred ſixty ſix Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Shires of *Sutherland* and *Caithneſs*, and the reſt of *Innerneſs*, one thouſand ſixty ſix Foot, and eighty eight Horſe. From the Shires of *Argyl*, *Dumbartoun* and *Bute*, eight hundred Foot. From the Shire of *Orknay*, ſix hundred ſixty ſix Foot. Which Forces are to be in readineſs, as they ſhall be called for by His *Majeſty*, to march to any part of His Dominions of *Scotland*, *England* or *Ireland*, for ſuppreſſing of any forreign invaſion, inteſtine trouble or inſurrection, or for any other ſervice, wherein His *Majeſties* Honour, Authority or Greatneſs may be concerned. And for the better proſecution hereof, the Eſtates of Parliament do humbly entreat, His *Majeſty* may be graciouſly pleaſed to give Commiſſions to ſuch perſons to be general Officers, Colonels, Lieutenant-colonels, Majors and Rute-maſters, as His *Majeſty*, in His Royal judgment, ſhall think fit; and for the other Officers, or any other thing fitting to be done for perfecting of the Levies and carrying on of this buſineſs, they do humbly recommend to His *Majeſty*, to give His direction therein to His Privy Council, who are hereby impowered with Commiſſion and Authority, for the ordering, diſpoſing and ſole managing of this Affair, in ſuch a way, as this dutifull offer of the Parliament to His *Majeſty* may be made moſt effectual, and according to the inſtructions and commands they ſhall receive from His *Majeſty*. And the Eſtates of Parliament do Declare, that if His *Majeſty* ſhall have further uſe of their ſervice, this Kingdom will be ready, every man betwixt ſixty and ſixteen, to joyn and hazard their lives and fortunes, as they ſhall be called for by His *Majeſty*, for the ſafety and preſervation of His ſacred Perſon, Authority and Government.

XXVI.

ACT aſſerting His Majeſties *Prerogative in the ordering and diſpoſal of Trade with forraigners.*

THe Eſtates of Parliament conſidering, that during the late troubles, divers invaſions were made upon the Royal Prerogatives of the Crown; and that in a juſt abhorrence thereof, and in a due ſenſe of the happineſs they enjoy under His *Majeſties* Government, they are oblieged on all occaſions to vindicate and aſſert the ſame, in the ſeveral branches thereof: And ſince the ordering and diſpoſal of Trade with forraign Countries, and the laying of reſtraints and impoſitions upon forraign imported Merchandizes, *is*; by the Law of Nations, acknowledged to be proper to, and inherent in, the perſons of all free Princes, as an undoubted Prerogative of the Crown. They therefore, in a dutifull and humble recognizance of His *Majeſties* Prerogative-royal, do Declare, That the ordering and diſpoſal of Trade with forraign Nations, and the laying of reſtraints and impoſitions upon forraign imported Commodities, doth belong to His *Majeſty* and His Succeſſors, as an undoubted Priviledge and Prerogative of the Crown; and that by vertue thereof, they may lay ſuch impoſitions and reſtraints upon imported forraign Commodities, and ſo order and diſpoſe upon the Trade of them, as they ſhall judge fit for the good of the Kingdom. Likeas, the King's *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates in Parliament, doth hereby Reſcind and Annull all Acts, Statutes, Conſtitutions and Cuſtoms to the contrary; and Declares the ſame void and null in all time coming.

XXVII.

COMMISSION for plantation of Kirks and valuation of Teinds.

THE King's moſt Excellent *Majeſty*, being deſirous to proſecute the work of valuation of Teinds and plantation of Kirks, in reference to His own intereſt for the annuity, and the univerſal good of His people, eſpecially for the incouragment of the Miniſters of the Goſpel; Doth, with advice and conſent of His Eſtates of Parliament, Ratifie and Approve the nineteenth Act of the Parliament, holden at *Edinburgh* by His Royal Father of bleſſed memory, in *anno*, one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty three, (entituled, *Commiſsion for valuation of Teinds*,) in the whole heads, clauſes and conditions thereof, except in ſo far as there hath been any alterations made therein, by Acts and Commiſſions made and granted by His *Majeſty* ſince the date of the ſaid Act, or granted by any pretended Parliaments ſince, and which are Ratified, Salved or Reſerved by this preſent Parliament; and which alterations are not deſtructive of, and contrary to, this preſent Act, or any clauſe thereof. And ſicklike, Ratifies and Approves the ſixty one Act of the firſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, entituled, *Commiſsion for plantation of Kirks*, &c. in the whole Heads, Articles and Clauſes thereof, except in ſo far as the ſame may be contrary to this preſent Act, as ſaid is. And His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent foreſaid, gives full power and commiſſion to *James* Archbiſhop of *St. Andrews*; *William* Earl of *Glencairn*, Chancellor; *John* Earl of *Rothes*, Theſaurer; *Alexander* Archbiſhop of *Glaſgow*; *William* Earl *Marſhal*, Privy-Seal; Duke of *Hamiltoun*; Marqueſs of *Montroſe*; Earl of *Lauderdaill*, Secretary; Earl of *Eglinton*; Earl of *Linlithgow*; Earl of *Kelly*; Earl of *Haddington*; Earl of *Annandail*; Earl of *Leiven*; Earl of *Tweddail*; *George* Biſhop of *Edinburgh*; *James* Biſhop of *Galloway*; *George* Biſhop of *Dunkell*; Biſhop of *Aberdeen*; *John* Biſhop of *Roſs*; *Robert* Biſhop of *Dumblane*; Biſhop of *Orknay*; *William* Lord *Bellenden*, Theſaurer-depute; Sir *John Gilmore*, Preſident of the Seſſion; Sir *Archibald Primerose*, Clerk Regiſter; His *Majeſties* Advocat; Sir *John* Home of *Renton*, Juſtice Clerk; Sir *James Lockhart* of *Lee*; Sir *John Scougal* of *Whitekirk*; *Charles Maitland* of *Halton*; Sir *Thomas Hamiltoun* of *Preſton*; Sir *John Wauchop* of *Nidrie*; Sir *Robert Fletcher* of *Salton*; Sir *Henry Wardlaw* of *Pitrevy*; *William Scot* of *Ardroſs*; Sir *Andrew Ramſay*, Provoſt of *Edinburgh*; Sir *Robert Murray* there; Sir *Archibald Sydſerf*; Sir *Alexander Wedderburne*; Sir *William Thomſon*; *John Miln*; *Robert Lentron*, Provoſt of *St. Andrews*; Mr. *John Paterſon*, Provoſt of *Perth*; *William Seatoun*, Provoſt of *Haddingtoun*; or any fifteen of them; where-

of

of three of the Clergy, three of the Nobility, three Officers of State, three Commiſſioners of Shires, and three of Burghs; of which number, the Archbiſhop of *St. Andrews*, or the Chancellor, or the Theſaurer, or the Archbiſhop of *Glaſgow*, or the Privy-Seal, or the Secretary, or the Duke of *Hamiltoun*, or the Earl of *Haddingtoun*, or any of them, being alwayes one, to meet and conveen at *Edinburgh*, the day of one thouſand ſix hundred and ſixty years; and at ſuch other place or places, times and diets as they ſhall appoint, to value, and cauſe be valued, whatſoever Teinds, great or ſmall, Perſonage or Vicarage, of whatſoever Lands within this Kingdom, lyable to the paiment of Teinds, which are yet un-valued; Excepting alwayes the Teithes of the Archbiſhops, Biſhops and other beneficed perſons, whereof they were in real and actual poſſeſſion, by leading and collecting the ſame, in the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and twenty eight; and with proviſion, that they be not prejudged of the Fruits and Rents of their ſeveral Benefices, as the ſame was poſſeſt by them, *anno*, one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty ſeven, conform to the Submiſſion made by the Biſhops to His *Majeſty* in the ſaid year, and Decreet arbitral following thereupon: With power to the ſaids Commiſſioners, or *quorum* foreſaid, to appoint Sub-commiſſioners, conform to the former Acts and Commiſſions for valuation of Teinds, and receive reports from them. And with power to them, where Miniſters are not already ſufficiently provided, or have not Localities aſſigned to them for their Stipends, out of the Teinds within the Paroch where they ſerve the Cure, to modifie, ſettle and appoint conſtant local Stipends to ilk Miniſter, out of the Teinds of the Paroch where they ſerve the Cure, in ſo far as the ſame will amount to, according to the quantities of victual or money mentioned in the ſaids Acts and Commiſſions, and to decide and proportion the ſaids Localities. And with power to diſ-joyn too large and ſpacious Paroches, to cauſe erect and build new Churches, to diſmember and annex Kirks, as they ſhall think juſt; and to take order, that every Heretor and Life-renter ſhall have the leading and buying of their own Teinds, if they be willing, according to the rates preſcribed by former Commiſſions; Particularly, by the Commiſſion granted by His *Majeſty*, with conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, in *anno*, one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty three; With power to them to determine all queſtions concerning the prices of Teinds, betwixt Titulars and others having right thereto, and the Heretors; and to appoint ſuch ſecurities, in favours of the Titulars and others having right to the Teind, for the prices to be granted by the Heretors, payers of the valued duties, or buyers of the ſaids Teinds; and in favours of the Miniſters, as to their maintenance, as the ſaids Commiſsioners ſhall think fitting, according to the rule ſet down in the

ſaids

ſaids former Acts, namely in the ſaid Act, *anno;* one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty three. Declaring, That where the Vicarage of any Paroch is a ſeveral Benefice and Title from the Perſonage, the ſame ſhall be ſeverally valued; to the effect, the Titulars or Miniſters ſerving the Cure, having right to the ſaid Vicarage, be not fruſtrat of the true worth thereof; And that Titulars, and others having right to Teinds, ſhall not be forced to diſpone any Teinds, valued or to be valued, which ſhall be aſſigned, diſponed and allocat to the Miniſter ſerving the Cure of the Paroch. As alſo, with power to the ſaids Commiſſioners or *quorum* foreſaid, to rectifie whatſoever Valuations, led or to be led to the enorm prejudice of the Titulars, and to the hurt and detriment of the Kirk, and prejudice of the Miniſters maintenance and proviſions, or of His *Majeſties* Annuity. Provided alwayes, likeas it is hereby expreſly provided, that where Valuations are lawfully led, againſt all parties having intereſt, and allowed by former Commiſsions, the ſame ſhall not be drawn in queſtion, nor rectified upon the pretence of enorm leſion, at the inſtance of the Miniſter (not being Titular) or at the inſtance of His *Majeſties* Advocat, in reſpect of His *Majeſties* Annuity; except it be proven, that colluſion was uſed betwixt the Titulars and Heretors, or betwixt the Proctor-fiſcal and Heretors and Titulars; which colluſion is declared to be, where the Valuations are led with the diminution of the third of the juſt Rent, which diminution ſhall be proven by the parties oaths. And albeit all the Acts of the pretended Parliaments, in the years, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty one and thereafter, are declared, by an Act of this Parliament, null and of no avail in all time coming: Yet, it is hereby Declared, That all and whatſoever Valuations, Acts, Sentences and Decreets, done and paſt by any Commiſsions granted by the ſaids pretended Parliaments, with all executions uſed or to be uſed thereupon, are and ſhall be as valide in all time coming, as if the ſaids Valuations, Acts, Sentences and Decreets, had been given and pronounced by perſons legally impowered to that effect, any thing in the foreſaid reſciſſory Act to the contrary notwithſtanding; Excepting ſuch Decreets of valuation, modification of Stipends, or augmentations thereof, paſt and granted ſince the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty ſeven, whereby the ſaids Archbiſhops or Biſhops are prejudged of any part of their Rents, whereof they were in poſſeſſion in the ſaid year thirty ſeven. And although, by a ſpecial Act of this preſent Parliament, the pretended Parliament, holden in *anno*, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty nine, and in the beginning of the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and fifty, is, from the beginning, Declared void and null, and all that had followed thereupon; Yet nevertheleſs, His *Majeſty* doth, with advice foreſaid, autho-

rize all Valuations, Acts, Decreets and Sentences, led, deduced and pronounced by the Commiſſions, one or moe, appointed by the ſaid pretended Parliament, for plantation of Kirks and valuation of Teinds, and all execution competent thereupon; Excepting ſuch Decreets and Sentences, given in favours of Miniſters for their Stipends, or for dividing, uniting, annexing or building of Kirks, which ſhall be found to have been unjuſtly or exorbitantly decerned: The determination whereof is hereby referred by His *Majeſty*, with conſent foreſaid, to the ſaids Commiſſioners, that they, after hearing of parties and conſideration of particulars, may take ſuch courſe, for altering, annulling, or allowing of the ſaids Acts, Decreets and Sentences, as they ſhall think fitting, conform to the Laws, Practick and Cuſtom obſerved preceeding the year, one thouſand ſix hundred and fourty nine; And Ordains Proceſſes, upon ſupplications, to be ſummarily granted, parties alwayes being cited, and that without any reduction. And it ſhall be lawfull to the ſaids Commiſſioners, or *quorum* foreſaid, to proceed in all Summons and Actions to be intended for that effect, within the ſpace of two years after the firſt down-ſitting of the Commiſſion. And whereas it may fall out, that ſome of the ſaids Commiſſioners may be un-able to attend the ſervice, through death, ſickneſs, or other known impediment; Therefore, His *Majeſty* Declares, that He ſhall be carefull to fill their places with other perſons qualified, whoſe oaths for faithfull diſcharge of the ſame ſhall be taken by the Lord Chancellor, or in his abſence, by the Preſident of the ſaid Commiſſion for the time; And Ordains this preſent Commiſſion to endure ay and while the ſame be diſcharged by His *Majeſty*; and the Acts, Decreets and Sentences thereof, to have the force, ſtrength and effect of a Decreet and Sentence of Parliament, and the Lords of Seſſion to grant and direct Letters of Horning, Poinding and others requiſit, in maner contained in the foreſaids Commiſſions. And conſidering, that it was the will and pleaſure of His *Majeſties* Royal Father, that all Heretors, who ſhould be willing to buy, ſhould have their own Teinds at reaſonable rates; Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice foreſaid, Statutes and Ordains, That all Heretors, whoſe Teinds are not valued, (excepting as is formerly excepted in this Commiſſion) ſhall have liberty to value and buy the ſame, at ſuch rates as is contained in the Acts of Parliament, one thouſand ſix hundred and thirty three. With power to the ſaids Commiſſioners, to augment the ſaids rates according to the burden of augmentation, and others ſuſtained by the Titulars ſince the ſaids Acts; and the ſaids Heretors to have the liberty of buying, as ſaid is, within the ſpace of three years after the valuation. With this Declaration alwayes; That in caſe the impediment, during the time foreſaid, flow from the Titular, by reaſon of his minority or other in-ability, in that caſe, the Heretor

retor who offers himself ready to buy his own Teind, within the space foresaid, shall have place, so soon as the impediment is removed, to buy his Teinds, notwithstanding of the expiring of the years and space above-expresst. And it is Declared, that if the Heretor be Minor, and his Tutors neglect the buying of his Teinds within the foresaid space, the Minor shall have action for two years after his minority, to compell the Titular for selling of his saids Teinds; And His *Majesty*, with consent foresaid, hereby discharges all former Commissions, Declaring the same to be expired.

XXVIII.

ACT anent penal Statutes.

THe King's most Excellent *Majesty*, having, out of His grace and goodness to His Subjects, granted an full and free Act of Indempnity, Pardon and Oblivion, for all crimes and offences committed by them, relating to the late troubles, and more fully expresst in the tenth Act of the second Session of this Parliament. And considering, that besides these, there be divers arbitrary and pecunial pains adjected to penal Statutes, which being strictly exacted, would prove an heavy burden to the Subjects who may be lyable thereto. And His *Majesty* being desirous, now at the close of this His first Parliament, that all His good Subjects may find the effects of His mercy, as to exceed all former presidents, so to be beyond their own expectation; Hath therefore thought fit, with the advice and consent of His Estates of Parliament, by these presents, to Discharge, Pardon and Remit all contraveeners of any penal Statutes, for all deeds heretofore done by them, contrary to the tenor thereof; Excepting the Statutes concerning the unlawfull taking of Usury, transporting of Silver and Gold, slaying of red and black Fish, and all Acts and Statutes past in this present Parliament, which are no wayes discharged by this present Act.

XXIX.

ACT Salvo jure cujuſlibet.

OUr Soveraign Lord and Eſtates of Parliament, conſidering, that in this laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, many particular Acts and Ratifications have been paſt, wherein divers Clauſes may be inſerted, prejudicial to the rights and intereſts of ſeveral perſons, albeit it hath alwayes been His *Majeſties* purpoſe and meaning, and the purpoſe and meaning of the Eſtates of Parliament, in this, as in all preceeding Parliaments, That all particular Acts and Ratifications, general or ſpecial, howſoever conceived (where perſons concerned have not been heard for their Intereſt before the paſſing thereof) ſhould not prejudge private Rights of parties. Therefore, His *Majeſty*, with advice and conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, Statutes and Ordains, That all particular Acts and Ratifications whatſoever, paſt in this laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, ſhall be interpreted *Salvo jure cujuſlibet*; Excepting alwayes, an Act and Ratification paſt in this Seſſion of Parliament, in favours of the Duke and Dutcheſs of *Buccleuch*, of their Contract of Marriage, which is Declared by His *Majeſty* and Eſtates of Parliament, no wayes to be comprehended herein.

Extracted from the Records of Parliament, by Sir ARCHIBALD PRIMEROSE *of* Cheſter, *Knight and Baronet, Clerk of His* MAJESTIES *Council, Regiſters and Rolls.*

A. Primerose, Cls. Reg.

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Act concerning the Stipend of the Miniſters of the *Cannongate*.
Remit the Duke of *Hamiltoun* contra Lady *Forreſter*.
Warrand for two Fairs, and for changing the Mercat-day of the Barony of *Skirling*.
Warrand for a yearly Fair on the Brae of *Athol*.
Act for a Fair and weekly Mercat on the Lands of *Kinudy*.
Act concerning *Broomhalls* Writes.
Act for an Impoſition, for repairing and keeping up the Bridges of *Sauchtonhall* and *Clegorn*.
Remit to the Seſſion concerning the eighty thouſand merks claimed from the Burroughs.
Lamonts Proceſs againſt *George Campbel* remitted to the Seſſion.
Recommendation in favours of ſome ſuffering perſons.

Commiſſion

A Table of the un-printed Acts.

Commiſſion for ordering the prices of Offices, Writes and Seals.
Act ſuſpending execution for publick debts untill the next Parliament.
Act concerning the *Zetland* Company of White-fiiſhing, remitted to the Council.
Act for a yearly Fair in *Paiſla*.
Act for a yearly Fair in the Barony of *Caskibon*.
Remit to the Council anent the *Act* for Trade.
Warrand for changing a Way near *Leidinton*.
Act for renewing the Juſtices of Peace.
Ratification in favours of Sir *Andrew Aiton*.
Ratification in favours of the Lords of the Seſsion.
Ratification in favours of *David Souter*.
Ratification in favours of Mr. *Alexander Foulis* of *Ratho*.
Ratification in favours of the Biſhop of *Aberdeen*.
Ratification in favours of Sir *Robert Sinclar* of *Steinſtoun*.
Ratification in favours of Mr. *Robert Sinclar* of *Longformacus*.
Ratification in favours of *Thomas Hamiltoun* of *Bathgate*.
Ratification in favours of *William Preſtoun* of *Valifield*.
Ratification in favours of Mr. *Robert Preſtoun* of that ilk.
Ratification in favours of *Michael Balfour* of *Pitmedden*.
Ratification in favours of *James Campbel* and his Son.
Ratification in favours of *John Malcolm*.
Ratification of a mortification in *Perth*.
Ratification in favours of *George Home* of *Kames*.
Ratification in favours of the Earls of *Craufurd* and *Lauderdaile*, the Lord *Parbroth*, the Lairds of *Hatton* and *Ardroſs*, Colonel *Leſly* and *James Scot*, of their Gifts of Mines and Minerals.
Ratification in favours of *James Dickſon*.
Ratification in favours of the Burgh of *Whitehorn*.
Ratification in favours of Sir *John* and Mr. *Alexander Gibſon*.
Ratification in favours of the Earl of *Rothes*.
Ratification in favours of the Earl of *Dumfermline*.
Ratification in favours of Sir *John Home* of *Renton*, Lord Juſtice Clerk, and Proteſtation for Sir *Alexander Home* and *Wedderburne* againſt it.
Ratification in favours of *Charles Maitland* of *Haltoun*.
Ratification in favours of *William Scot* of *Ardroſs*.
Rat. to the Town of *Edinburgh* of their right to the Citadel.
Ratification in favours of Captain *Lockhart*.

FINIS.